

YEAR 3 WRITING PROGRESSION IN SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS



SKILL / KNOWLEDGE	Year 3
Phonic & Whole word spelling	 spell further homophones spell words that are often misspelt (Appendix 1)
Other word building spelling	 use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals and in words with irregular plurals use the first 2 or 3 letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary
Transcription	• write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far.
Handwriting	 use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting
Contexts for Writing	 discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar
Planning Writing	 discussing and recording ideas composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures
Drafting Writing	 organising paragraphs around a theme in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices (headings & subheadings)
Editing Writing	 assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences proofread for spelling and punctuation errors
Performing Writing	• read their own writing aloud, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.
Vocabulary	 extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause (and place)
Grammar (edited to reflect content in Appendix 2)	 using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense form nouns using prefixes (super-, anti-) use the correct form of 'a' or 'an' word families based on common words (solve, solution, dissolve, insoluble)





Punctuation (edited to reflect content in Appendix 2)	 using and punctuating direct speech (i.e. Inverted commas)
Grammatical Terminology	adverb, preposition conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter, inverted commas (or 'speech marks')