

plates meet and these places can be dangerous places to live.

Strands: Place and Space; Physical processes; Environmental impact



America, and compare them to North American

cities

GEOGRAPHY PROGRESSION IN SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE YEAR 4 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

Geography skills to be used this half term:	Geography skills to be used this half term:	Geography skills to be used this half term:
Use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping; map reading;	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping; map reading;	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping; map
field sketching; take and use photographs; observe, record and	make observations and measurements (river study); take	reading; make comparisons; use and understand the 8
present information.	and use photographs; record and present information	points of a compass; record and present information
Strands: Place and Space; Scale; Physical and Human processes;	Strands: Physical and Human Processes; Place and Space;	Strands: Physical and Human Processes; Place and
people, culture and trade; environmental impact	scale; Environmental Impact	Space; People, Culture and Trade; Scale
AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER
AUTUMN 1: VOLCANOES AND EARTHQUAKES	SPRING 1: (How does water go round and round? Link	SUMMER 2: NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA (link to
(Can the earth shake, rattle and roll?)	to science- states of matter) (link to learning about	prior learning about contrasting localities in Y2 and
	weather in KS1)	Y3)
PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY		Can you come on a great American road trip?
N.C. DESCRIBE AND UNDERSTAND KEY ASPECTS OF PHYSICAL	HUMAN AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY:	LOCATIONAL KNOWLEDGE:
GEOGRAPHY, INCLUDING VOLCANOES AND EARTHQUAKES.	N.C. DESCRIBE AND UNDERSTAND KEY ASPECTS OF	N.C. LOCATE THE WORLD'S COUNTRIES, USING
	PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY, INCLUDING THE WATER CYCLE;	MAPS TO FOCUS ON NORTH AND SOUTH
-Describe and understand the key aspects of volcanoes and	DESCRIBE AND UNDERSTAND KEY ASPECTS OF HUMAN	AMERICA, CONCENTRATING ON THEIR
earthquakes	GEOGRAPHY, INCLUDING THE DISTRIBUTION OF	ENVIRONMENTAL REGIONS, KEY PHYSICAL AND
-Understand that the distribution of earthquakes and	NATURAL RESOURCES INCLUDING ENERGY, FOOD,	HUMAN CHARACTERISTICS, COUNTRIES, AND
volcanoes follows a pattern	MINERALS AND WATER	MAJOR CITIES
-Learn about the 'Pacific Ring of Fire'.		-Enhance locational and place knowledge
- Know what causes an earthquake	-Know and label the main features of a river	-Focus on North and South America, concentrating
-Label the different parts of a volcano	-Know the name of and locate a number of the world's	on their environmental regions, key physical and
-To understand list of hazards of the distribution of	longest rivers	human characteristics, countries and major cities
earthquakes and volcanoes, and to know where the world's	-Know the name of and locate a number of the world's	-Understand geographical similarities and
most active earthquake and volcanic zone is today	highest mountains	differences through the study of a region in North
-Investigate recent earthquakes and volcanic eruptions and	-Explain the features of a water cycle	and South America
the associated issues	-Understand where rivers and mountains fit into the	- discover something about North American and
-The Earth's crust is made of plates which can move and this	water cycle.	South American cities, and improve knowledge
can cause an earthquake which is experienced by people as	-Know why most cities are located by a river	about the difference between continent, country,
the ground shaking, sometimes violently.	Strands:	state and city
- Earthquakes and volcanoes are most likely to occur where	Physical and Human Processes; place and space;	- research some countries and cities of South

Environmental Impact

LOCATION KNOWLEDGE:





GEOGRAPHY PROGRESSION IN SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE YEAR 4 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

HUMAN GEOGRAPHY:

N.C. DESCRIBE AND UNDERSTAND KEY ASPECTS OF HUMAN GEOGRAPHY, INCLUDING TYPES OF SETTLEMENT AND LAND USE, ECONOMIC ACTIVITY INCLUDING TRADE LINKS, AND THE DISTRIBUTION OF NATURAL RESOURCES INCLUDING ENERGY, FOOD, MINERALS AND WATER

-To discover why people live in the vicinity of volcanoes, and what measures can be taken to make life safer in earthquake zones

<u>Strands:</u> Place and Space; Physical and Human processes; People, culture and trade

SKILLS AND FIELDWORK:

N.C. USE MAPS, ATLASES, GLOBES AND DIGITAL/COMPUTER MAPPING TO LOCATE COUNTRIES AND DESCRIBE FEATURES STUDIED

Link to History topic on Victorians – Local History Study (link to local study work in Y1 and Y2)

- -To discover Victorian buildings in the local area, and to plot these on a map
- -Identify the key Victorian features of my local area.
- -Further develop map reading and field sketching skills.

Strands:

Place and Space; Scale; Physical and Human processes (link to map work in KS1, Y3)

N.C.NAME AND LOCATE COUNTIES AND CITIES OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS AND THEIR IDENTIFYING HUMAN AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS, KEY TOPOGRAPHICAL FEATURES (INCLUDING HILLS, MOUNTAINS, COASTS AND RIVERS), AND LAND-USE PATTERNS; AND UNDERSTAND HOW SOME OF THESE ASPECTS HAVE CHANGED OVER TIME

- -Know where the main mountain regions are in the UK
- -Know, name and locate the main rivers in the UK *Strands: place and space*

SKILLS AND FIELDWORK:

N.C. USE MAPS, ATLASES, GLOBES AND
DIGITAL/COMPUTER MAPPING TO LOCATE COUNTRIES
AND DESCRIBE FEATURES STUDIED

- -Use maps to locate the main rivers in the UK
- River Study: Nell Bank Educational Visit (see additional Nell Bank Plan)

Strands:

Physical and Human Processes; Place and Space; Environmental Impact <u>Strands:</u> place and space; Physical and Human Processes; People, Culture and Trade

FIELDWORK AND SKILLS

N.C USE MAPS, ATLASES, GLOBES AND

DIGITAL/COMPUTER MAPPING

LEARN TO USE THE EIGHT POINTS OF A COMPASS —

use these to locate cities in the continent of North America, and to discover something about (some of) these cities

Strands: place and space; scale





GEOGRAPHY PROGRESSION IN SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE YEAR 4 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

The five key geography skills:

Asking Geographic Questions; Acquiring Geographic Information; Organizing Geographic Information; Analysing Geographic Information; Answering Geographic Questions

Key Substantive Knowledge strands:

- Place and Space
- Scale
- People, Culture and Trade
- Environmental Impact
- Physical and Human Processes

KNOWLEDGE TO BE LEARNED BY THE END OF EACH UNIT (WHAT DO WE WANT THE CHILDREN TO KNOW AND REMEMBER?)

SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLDEGE / PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE

AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER
-A volcano is a very deep hole in the Earth's top layer	-Some of the features of a river are the mouth, source,	-America is a continent made up of North and South
that can let out hot gasses, ash and lava.	bend, waterfall and valley.	America
-Many volcanoes have long vents that go all the way down	-Two of the world's longest rivers are the Nile in Africa	-North America is made up of Canada and the
through the Earth's first layer, the crust. It's so hot there that	and the Amazon River in South America.	United States of America
rocks melt into liquid. This is called magma , which travels up	-Condensation, evaporation and rainfall are part of the	-South America is made up of many countries,
through volcanoes. When a volcano erupts, magma comes up	water cycle.	including Brazil, Peru, Argentina and Mexico
and out through the vents and flows out as lava.	-Cities are located near rivers for transport and trade,	Evaluin the comparisons between the areas studied
-There are three ways to describe a volcano and explain what	leisure and to use water.	Explain the comparisons between the areas studied
it's doing – active, erupting, and dormant.		Evaluin how to use a compact and what the Q
-The Earth's crust is made of plates which can move and this	-The River Aire is a major river in Yorkshire.	Explain how to use a compass and what the 8 compass points are.
can cause an earthquake which is experienced by people as		compass points are.
the ground shaking, sometimes violently.	Explain how to locate places and features using maps.	
- Earthquakes and volcanoes are most likely to occur where		
plates meet and these places can be dangerous places to live.		
Explain how to locate places and features using maps.		





GEOGRAPHY PROGRESSION IN SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE YEAR 4 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

Children working at below Age-Related Expectations in GEOGRAPHY at the end of Year 4:				